

# **Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund**

ARSN 087 296 142

**Annual report - for the year ended  
30 June 2022**

# Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund

ARSN 087 296 142

## Annual report - for the year ended 30 June 2022

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These financial statements cover Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund is Advance Asset Management Limited (ABN 98 002 538 329). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 18, 275 Kent Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

## Directors' report

The directors of Advance Asset Management Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund ("the Fund"), present their report together with the Fund's financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022.

### Principal activities

During the year, the Fund continued to invest in unlisted unit trusts and derivatives in accordance with the provisions of the governing documents. Through these investments, the Fund was exposed to a diversified portfolio of investments.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

### Directors

The following persons held office as directors of Advance Asset Management Limited during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Vicki Allen  
 Andrew Rutherford  
 Jonathan Sweeney  
 Katherine Vincent (resigned 4 October 2021)

### Review and results of operations

The ordinary class is currently closed to investment by new investors, however, existing investors can continue to invest in the ordinary class.

There have been no significant changes to the Fund's operations since the previous financial year. The Fund continued to invest in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	<b>Year ended</b>	
	<b>30 June 2022</b>	30 June 2021
Operating profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unitholders (\$'000)	<b>(138,100)</b>	394,160
<i>Distributions - ordinary class</i>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	<b>388</b>	492
Distributions (cents per unit)	<b>7.592</b>	7.655
<i>Distributions - wholesale class</i>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	<b>141,535</b>	166,353
Distributions (cents per unit)	<b>8.209</b>	8.994

## Directors' report (continued)

The key differences, if any, between net assets for unit pricing purposes and net assets as reported in the financial statements prepared under Australian Accounting Standards, have been outlined below:

	As at	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Redemption value of outstanding units	1,262,850	1,656,950
Adjustment for differences in valuation inputs	94	1,192
Net assets attributable to unitholders	1,262,944	1,658,142

### Significant changes in the state of affairs

Other than as noted in this report, in the opinion of the directors, no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund occurred during the financial year.

### Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2022 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

### Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

On 26 May 2022, Westpac Banking Corporation announced the sale of Advance Asset Management Limited to Mercer (Australia) Pty Ltd. The sale is expected to be completed by 30 June 2023.

### Indemnity and insurance of officers

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund for insurance cover provided to the officers of the Responsible Entity.

### Indemnity of auditors

The auditors of the Fund are in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

### Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property directly to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements.

## Directors' report (continued)

### Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in note 7 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the balance sheet and derived using the basis set out in note 2 to the financial statements.

### Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

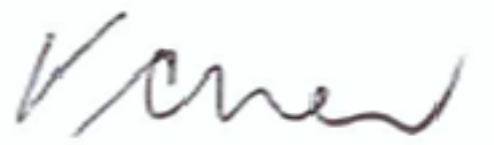
### Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with *Australian Securities & Investments Commission ("ASIC") Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, unless otherwise indicated.

### Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration, as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



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Vicki Allen  
Director



Jonathan Sweeney  
Director

Sydney  
19 September 2022



## Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Alexandra Richardson', written in a cursive style.

Alexandra Richardson  
Partner  
PricewaterhouseCoopers

Sydney  
19 September 2022

**Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund**  
**Statement of comprehensive income**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2022**

**Statement of comprehensive income**

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
<b>Income</b>			
Distribution income		99,408	111,840
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		<u>(234,798)</u>	285,221
<b>Total income/(loss)</b>		<u>(135,390)</u>	397,061
<b>Expenses</b>			
Responsible Entity's fees	13(d)	2,567	2,817
Other operating expenses		<u>143</u>	84
<b>Total operating expenses</b>		<u>2,710</u>	2,901
<b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>		<u>(138,100)</u>	394,160
<b>Finance costs attributable to unitholders</b>			
Distributions to unitholders	8	(141,923)	(166,845)
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	7	<u>280,023</u>	(227,315)
<b>Profit/(loss) for the year</b>		-	-
Other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	-
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<u>-</u>	-

*The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund**  
**Balance sheet**  
**As at 30 June 2022**

**Balance sheet**

	Notes	As at	
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		\$'000	\$'000
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	47,233	4,277
Margin accounts		18,111	4,733
Accrued income		67,044	71,711
Receivables		17	21
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	10	1,284,746	1,697,444
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>1,417,151</b>	1,778,186
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Margin accounts		12,164	259
Unsettled purchases		3	-
Distribution payable	8	128,369	113,190
Payables		1,958	2,267
Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss	11	11,713	4,328
<b>Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)</b>		<b>154,207</b>	120,044
<b>Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability</b>	7	<b>1,262,944</b>	1,658,142

*The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*



**Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund**  
**Statement of changes in equity**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2022**

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**Statement of changes in equity**

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$'000	\$'000
<b>Total equity at the beginning of the financial year</b>	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	-	-
<b>Total equity at the end of the financial year</b>	-	-

Under Australian Accounting Standards, net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result there was no equity at the start or the end of the year.

*The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund**  
**Statement of cash flows**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2022**

**Statement of cash flows**

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Notes	\$'000	\$'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	701,164	556,580
Purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(416,617)	(385,649)
Distributions received	3,271	2,587
Other income received	4	14
Responsible Entity's fees received/(paid)	(2,631)	(2,810)
Payment of other expenses	(143)	(84)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	15(a) <b>285,048</b>	170,638
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from applications by unitholders	157,894	132,363
Payments for redemptions by unitholders	(286,995)	(219,237)
Distributions paid	(113,063)	(82,960)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities</b>	<b>(242,164)</b>	(169,834)
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>42,884</b>	804
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4,277	3,474
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	72	(1)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	9 <b>47,233</b>	4,277
Non-cash transactions	15(b)	

*The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

## **1 General information**

These financial statements cover Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund ("the Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund was constituted on 16 March 1992.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Advance Asset Management Limited ("the Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 18, 275 Kent Street, Sydney, NSW 2000. The financial statements are presented in Australian currency.

During the year, the Fund continued to invest in unlisted unit trusts and derivatives in accordance with the provisions of the governing documents. Through these investments, the Fund was exposed to a diversified portfolio of investments.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors of the Responsible Entity on 19 September 2022. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### **(a) Basis of preparation**

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit unit trust for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The balance sheet is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Fund manages financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however an estimate cannot be reliably determined at the end of the reporting period.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. However holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined at the end of the reporting period.

#### *(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards*

The financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

#### *(ii) Comparatives*

Certain comparative figures have been restated to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted for the current year.

#### *(iii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund*

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2021 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the financial statements in the prior, current or future periods.

## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **(b) Financial instruments**

#### *(i) Recognition/derecognition*

The Fund recognises financial instruments ("investments") on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement and recognises changes in the value of the financial instruments from this date.

Financial assets and liabilities are derecognised when the contractual right to cash flows from the investments has expired or has been transferred, and the Fund has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### *(ii) Classification*

The Fund classifies its financial instruments based on its business model for managing its investments and their contractual cash flow characteristics. The Fund's investments are managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about the investments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

For unlisted unit trusts and derivatives, the contractual cash flows are not solely principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

#### *(iii) Measurement*

At initial recognition, a financial asset or liability is measured at fair value. Transaction costs associated with financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Refer to note 5 for further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined.

#### *(iv) Offsetting financial instruments*

Financial assets and liabilities may be offset, and the net amount reported in the balance sheet, when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Refer to note 4 for further details.

### **(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders**

Units are redeemable at the unitholder's option, however applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders. The units are classified as financial liabilities as the Fund has more than one class of units.

A unitholder can redeem units at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the end of the reporting period if the unitholders were to exercise their right to redeem the units in the Fund.

## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **(d) Cash and cash equivalents**

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash at bank, deposits held at call with financial institutions and investments in cash management trusts where they hold short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of financial assets and liabilities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

### **(e) Margin accounts**

Margin accounts comprise cash held, or owed, as collateral for derivative transactions and short sales. The cash is held by, or owed to, the broker and is only available to meet margin calls.

### **(f) Accrued income**

Accrued income may include amounts owed to the Fund for trust distributions and interest. Trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued from the time of last payment. Amounts are generally received within 45 days of being recorded as receivable.

### **(g) Unsettled sales/purchases**

Unsettled sales/purchases represent receivables for securities sold and/or payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the reporting period.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Fund measures the loss allowance on unsettled sales/purchases at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within other expenses.

### **(h) Receivables**

Receivables include such items as Reduced Input Tax Credits ("RITC") and application monies receivable from unitholders.

### **(i) Payables**

Payables include liabilities, accrued expenses and redemption monies owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

Where the Responsible Entity has income that is distributable to unitholders, a separate distribution payable is recognised in the balance sheet as at the end of each reporting period where this amount remains unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

### **(j) Investment income**

Interest income is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for all financial instruments that are not held at fair value through profit or loss as it accrues.

Trust distributions (including distributions from cash management trusts) are recognised on an entitlement's basis.

### **(k) Expenses**

All expenses, including Responsible Entity's fees, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **(l) Transaction costs**

Transaction costs include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

### **(m) Income tax**

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes or distributes (as appropriate) the entirety of its taxable income to its unitholders.

Financial instruments held at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised, that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be included in the Fund's taxable income for distribution/attribution, so that the Fund is not subject to capital gains tax.

Realised capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained in the Fund to be offset against any realised capital gains. If realised capital gains exceed realised capital losses, the excess is distributed or attributed to unitholders.

To the extent allowable by taxation legislation, the benefits of imputation credits and foreign tax paid are passed on to unitholders.

### **(n) Distributions**

In accordance with the Fund's Constitution, the Fund distributes its distributable income, and any other amounts determined by the Responsible Entity, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unitholders.

### **(o) Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders**

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. Movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unitholders.

### **(p) Foreign currency translation**

#### *(i) Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund operates and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the presentation currency.

#### *(ii) Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value is determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the statement of comprehensive income on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss.

## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **(q) Goods and Services Tax ("GST")**

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund, such as management fees, has been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for RITC, hence fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office ("ATO"). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the balance sheet. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

### **(r) Classes of units**

The Fund has the following classes of units:

- ordinary class
- wholesale class.

All classes of units are exposed to the same underlying pool of assets. The unit classes are differentiated by the management fee structures as detailed in note 13.

### **(s) Use of estimates**

Management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the financial instruments held, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities, are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel, independent of the area that created them.

To the extent practicable, models use observable data. However areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For certain other financial instruments, including unsettled sales and purchases and payables, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Refer to note 5 for further details on how fair value is calculated.

### **(t) New accounting standards and interpretations**

A number of new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2022 reporting period. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

### **(u) Rounding of amounts**

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in *Australian Securities & Investments Commission ("ASIC") Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, relating to the 'rounding off' amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

### **3 Financial risk management**

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with its governing documents and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. Derivative financial instruments may also be used or are used to alter certain risk exposures. Financial risk management is carried out by the investment manager in accordance with board approved policies.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and price risks and ratings analysis for credit risk.

The investment manager mitigates these financial risks through diversification and a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits.

The Fund's performance exceptions to its benchmark are reported to the board on a regular basis.

#### **(a) Market risk**

##### *(i) Price risk*

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

Price risk arises on investments held for which prices in the future are uncertain. These are classified in the balance sheet as at fair value through profit or loss. All security investments present a risk of loss of capital.

Exceptions to compliance are reported to the board on a regular basis.

The table presented in note 3(b) summarises sensitivity analysis to price risk.

##### *(ii) Foreign exchange risk*

Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary securities denominated in other currencies fluctuates due to changes in exchange rates. The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk and not foreign exchange risk.

The Fund holds monetary and non-monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar. The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk and not foreign exchange risk. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary securities denominated in other currencies fluctuates due to changes in exchange rates.

Foreign currency contracts and other derivatives are used to manage foreign exchange risk. Alternatively these instruments are used to increase exposure to preferred foreign currencies.

Exceptions to compliance are reported to the board on a regular basis.



### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

##### (ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table below summarises the assets and liabilities, monetary and non-monetary, which are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

#### As at 30 June 2022

	US Dollars A\$'000	Euro A\$'000	Canadian Dollars A\$'000	Japanese Yen A\$'000	British Pounds A\$'000	Other currencies A\$'000	Total A\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	1,644	-	-	-	-	-	1,644
Margin accounts	-	50	-	416	-	-	466
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	140	-	-	140
Margin accounts	(11,796)	-	(229)	-	(139)	-	(12,164)
Unsettled purchases	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss	(10,711)	(454)	(253)	(1)	(58)	(236)	(11,713)
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from forward currency contracts							
- buy foreign currency	98,824	10,302	3,558	5,585	4,026	2,853	125,148
- sell foreign currency	(250,063)	(28,753)	(9,759)	(16,841)	(11,958)	(7,815)	(325,189)
<b>Total exposure</b>	<b>(172,105)</b>	<b>(18,855)</b>	<b>(6,683)</b>	<b>(10,701)</b>	<b>(8,129)</b>	<b>(5,198)</b>	<b>(221,671)</b>
Total monetary assets/(liabilities) exposure	<b>(161,394)</b>	<b>(18,401)</b>	<b>(6,430)</b>	<b>(10,840)</b>	<b>(8,071)</b>	<b>(4,962)</b>	<b>(210,098)</b>

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

##### (ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

As at 30 June 2021

	US Dollars A\$'000	Euro A\$'000	Canadian Dollars A\$'000	Japanese Yen A\$'000	British Pounds A\$'000	Other currencies A\$'000	Total A\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	577	-	-	-	-	-	577
Margin accounts	2,214	33	-	137	-	-	2,384
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	832	12	2	-	1	4	851
Margin accounts	-	-	(178)	-	(81)	-	(259)
Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss	(3,367)	(328)	(169)	(185)	(164)	(115)	(4,328)
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from forward currency contracts							
- buy foreign currency	110,391	15,695	4,374	9,598	5,562	3,751	149,371
- sell foreign currency	(321,497)	(49,154)	(13,698)	(28,767)	(17,441)	(11,857)	(442,414)
Total exposure	(210,850)	(33,742)	(9,669)	(19,217)	(12,123)	(8,217)	(293,818)
Total monetary assets/(liabilities) exposure	(208,315)	(33,426)	(9,502)	(19,032)	(11,960)	(8,106)	(290,341)

Foreign exchange risk is measured using sensitivity analysis. The table presented in note 3(b) summarises sensitivity analysis to foreign exchange risk.

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

##### (iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Changes in interest rates can have a direct or indirect impact on the investment value and/or returns of all types of assets.

The Fund does not have any significant direct exposure to interest rate risk. Any interest rate risk from investments held indirectly through underlying investments is reported as a component of price risk for the purposes of the sensitivity analysis.

Exceptions to compliance are reported to the board on a regular basis.

#### (b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to price risk and foreign exchange risk. The analysis is based on reasonably possible movements in the risk variables applied to the Fund's net assets. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management estimates, having regard to a number of factors including historical levels of changes in market indices, security prices and/or benchmark returns, interest rates and foreign exchange rates. However actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors. As a result, historic variations in risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables are based on long term averages consistent with the investing profile of the Fund.

	<b>Impact on operating profit/(loss)/Net assets attributable to unitholders</b>			
	<b>Price risk</b>		<b>Foreign exchange risk**</b>	
	<b>-15%</b> (2021: -15%)	<b>+15%</b> (2021: +15%)	<b>-10%</b> (2021: -10%)	<b>+10%</b> (2021: +10%)
<b>As at</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
<b>30 June 2022</b>	<b>(189,442)</b>	<b>189,442</b>	<b>(21,010)</b>	<b>21,010</b>
30 June 2021	(248,721)	248,721	(29,034)	29,034

In determining the impact of an increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders arising from market risk, the Responsible Entity has considered prior period and expected future movements of the portfolio based on market information.

\*\* The foreign exchange risk is calculated using the reasonably possible percentage times the total monetary assets/(liabilities) exposure calculated in note 3(a)(ii). The foreign exchange risk of a positive reasonably possible percentage represents the strengthening of the Australian dollar against other currencies and a negative reasonably possible percentage represents the weakening of the Australian dollar. The movements above are based only on the Fund's monetary positions including hedging derivatives. For derivative hedges, the foreign exchange sensitivity movements will be substantially offset by non-monetary movements in the market value of the financial assets being hedged.

### **3 Financial risk management (continued)**

#### **(c) Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Fund.

Credit risk primarily arises from trading in derivative products. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions and amounts due from brokers.

The Fund determines credit risk and measures expected credit losses for financial assets measured at amortised cost using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management consider both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these financial assets have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be insignificant to the Fund.

Investments in unlisted unit trusts are exposed to credit risk.

Concentrations of direct credit risk are minimised primarily by:

- ensuring counterparties, together with the respective credit limits, are approved,
- ensuring that transactions are undertaken with a number of counterparties, and
- ensuring that the majority of transactions are undertaken on recognised exchanges.

Exceptions to compliance are reported to the board on a regular basis.

#### **(d) Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that sufficient cash resources may not be able to be generated to settle obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units and daily margin calls on derivatives. The liquidity risk associated with the need to meet redemption requests is mitigated by maintaining adequate liquidity to fulfil usual redemption volumes.

The risk management guidelines adopted are designed to minimise liquidity risk through:

- ensuring that there is no significant exposure to illiquid or thinly traded financial instruments, and
- applying limits to ensure there is no concentration of liquidity risk to a particular counterparty.

Exceptions to the above are reported to the board on a regular basis.

##### *(i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities*

The non-derivative financial liabilities of the Fund comprise distribution payable, margin accounts, unsettled purchases, payables and net assets attributable to unitholders. These have no contractual maturities but are typically settled within 30 days.

Net assets attributable to unitholders are redeemable at the unitholder's option, however, as permitted under the governing documents, management may decide to delay payment of the redemption amount if it is in the best interests of unitholders.

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (d) Liquidity risk (continued)

##### (ii) Maturities of derivative financial instruments liabilities

The table below details the contractual maturities of the derivative financial instruments liabilities which are measured at fair value and considered important to understanding the timing of cash flows.

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-3 months \$'000	Greater than 3 months \$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2022</b>			
Net settled derivatives			
Forward currency contracts	7,032	3,988	43
International share price index futures	-	650	-
	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-3 months \$'000	Greater than 3 months \$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2021</b>			
Net settled derivatives			
Forward currency contracts	461	3,650	92
International share price index futures	-	125	-

#### 4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The gross and net positions of financial assets and financial liabilities that have been offset in the balance sheet are disclosed in the first three columns of the tables below.

Financial assets	Effects of offsetting on the balance sheet			Related amounts not offset		
	Gross amounts of financial assets \$'000	Gross amounts set off in the balance sheet \$'000	Net amount of financial assets presented in the balance sheet \$'000	Amounts subject to enforceable netting arrangements \$'000	Cash collateral \$'000	Net amount \$'000
<b>As at 30 June</b>						
<b>2022</b>						
Margin accounts	18,111	-	18,111	-	(12,432)	5,679
Derivatives	1,450	(927)	523	(523)	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>19,561</b>	<b>(927)</b>	<b>18,634</b>	<b>(523)</b>	<b>(12,432)</b>	<b>5,679</b>
<b>2021</b>						
Margin accounts	4,733	-	4,733	-	(368)	4,365
Derivatives	3,261	(2,397)	864	(864)	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,994</b>	<b>(2,397)</b>	<b>5,597</b>	<b>(864)</b>	<b>(368)</b>	<b>4,365</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>						
	Gross amounts of financial liabilities \$'000	Gross amounts set off in the balance sheet \$'000	Net amount of financial liabilities presented in the balance sheet \$'000	Amounts subject to enforceable netting arrangements \$'000	Cash collateral \$'000	Net amount \$'000
<b>As at 30 June</b>						
<b>2022</b>						
Margin accounts	(12,164)	-	(12,164)	-	12,164	-
Derivatives	(12,640)	927	(11,713)	523	268	(10,922)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(24,804)</b>	<b>927</b>	<b>(23,877)</b>	<b>523</b>	<b>12,432</b>	<b>(10,922)</b>
<b>2021</b>						
Margin accounts	(259)	-	(259)	-	259	-
Derivatives	(6,724)	2,397	(4,328)	864	109	(3,355)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(6,983)</b>	<b>2,397</b>	<b>(4,587)</b>	<b>864</b>	<b>368</b>	<b>(3,355)</b>

#### **4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)**

*(i) Enforceable netting arrangement – not currently enforceable*

Most agreements with derivative counterparties are based on the International Swaps and Derivatives Association ("ISDA") Master Agreement. Under the terms of these arrangements, only where certain credit events occur (such as default), the net position owing/receivable to a single counterparty in the same currency will be taken as owing and all the relevant arrangements terminated. As the Fund does not presently have a legally enforceable right of set-off, these amounts have not been offset in the balance sheet and have been presented separately in the above table.

#### **5 Fair value measurement**

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value hierarchy:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1),
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2), or
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

Investments are valued in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2 to the financial statements.

**(a) Fair value in an active market (level 1)**

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Exchange traded futures are valued at the market closing price.

**(b) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2 and level 3)**

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined by using quoted market prices, dealer quotes and/or valuation techniques.

Unlisted unit trusts are valued at the redemption value per unit as reported by the managers of such funds.

Unlisted unit trusts are classified as level 3 when they are not actively traded, have lockout periods and infrequent unit pricing, or suspended applications and redemptions, at the end of the reporting period. The unit trusts are valued at the redemption value per unit as reported by the managers of such funds.

Forward currency contracts are valued using quoted exchange rates and yield curves derived from quoted interest rates matching maturities of the contracts as at the valuation date.

## 5 Fair value measurement (continued)

### (i) Recognised fair value measurements

The following table presents the financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value by fair value hierarchy levels:

<b>As at 30 June 2022</b>	<b>Level 1 \$'000</b>	<b>Level 2 \$'000</b>	<b>Level 3 \$'000</b>	<b>Total \$'000</b>
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss:				
Unlisted unit trusts	-	1,196,481	87,742	1,284,223
Derivatives	383	140	-	523
<b>Total</b>	<b>383</b>	<b>1,196,621</b>	<b>87,742</b>	<b>1,284,746</b>

### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss:

Derivatives	(650)	(11,063)	-	(11,713)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(650)</b>	<b>(11,063)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(11,713)</b>

<b>As at 30 June 2021</b>	<b>Level 1 \$'000</b>	<b>Level 2 \$'000</b>	<b>Level 3 \$'000</b>	<b>Total \$'000</b>
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss:				
Unlisted unit trusts	-	1,652,051	44,529	1,696,580
Derivatives	16	848	-	864
<b>Total</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>1,652,899</b>	<b>44,529</b>	<b>1,697,444</b>

### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss:

Derivatives	(125)	(4,203)	-	(4,328)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(125)</b>	<b>(4,203)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(4,328)</b>

Transfers into and out of the fair value hierarchy levels are recognised at the end of the reporting period.

### (ii) Transfers between levels

There were no transfers between levels as at 30 June 2022 or 30 June 2021.



## 5 Fair value measurement (continued)

### (iii) Valuation processes

Management undertakes regular portfolio reviews to identify securities that may not be actively traded or have stale security pricing and could be regarded as level 2 or level 3 securities. Further analysis, should it be required, is undertaken to determine the accounting significance of the identified securities. In the event that the security is not actively traded, an assessment is performed by management to determine the appropriate valuation price to use that is most representative of fair value.

### (c) Fair values of non-financial instruments

Due to their short-term nature, the carrying value of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The carrying value of net assets attributable to unitholders differs from its fair value (deemed to be redemption price for individual units) due to differences in valuation inputs. This difference is not material as at 30 June 2022 or 30 June 2021.

### (d) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The following table presents the movement in level 3 instruments by class of financial instrument.

#### 30 June 2022

	Unlisted unit trusts \$'000
Opening balance	44,529
Purchases	39,587
Sales	(490)
Transfers into level 3	-
Transfers out of level 3	-
Gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	4,116
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>87,742</b>
Total gains/(losses) for the year included in the statement of comprehensive income for the financial assets and liabilities held at the end of the year	4,116

## 5 Fair value measurement (continued)

### (d) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (continued)

30 June 2021

	Unlisted unit trusts \$'000
Opening balance	19,391
Purchases	24,974
Sales	-
Transfers into level 3	-
Transfers out of level 3	-
Gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	164
Closing balance	44,529
Total gains/(losses) for the year included in the statement of comprehensive income for the financial assets and liabilities held at the end of the year	
	164

#### *Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value*

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of level 3 investments are outlined below. Generally, a change in the assumptions used in any input in isolation may be accompanied by a change in another input. Significant changes in third party vendor pricing may significantly impact the fair value measurement of investments. The impact is based on the relationship between each unobservable input and the fair value measurement of a significant change in broker or third party vendor pricing information which could result in a significantly higher or lower value in such level 3 investments.

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements.

Security type	Fair value as at 30 June 2022 \$'000	Valuation approach	Key unobservable inputs
Unlisted unit trusts	<b>87,742</b>	Valuation provided by the investment managers	These closed ended unlisted unit trusts are infrequently traded, therefore there are significant unobservable inputs into the fair value of these investments. The value provided by the investment manager has been used in the financial statements for valuation purposes. Management considers this value to be appropriate.

## 5 Fair value measurement (continued)

### (d) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (continued)

*Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value (continued)*

Security type	Fair value as at 30 June 2021 \$'000	Valuation approach	Key unobservable inputs
Unlisted unit trusts	44,529	Valuation provided by the investment managers	These closed ended unlisted unit trusts are infrequently traded, therefore there are significant unobservable inputs into the fair value of these investments. The value provided by the investment manager has been used in the financial statements for valuation purposes. Management considers this value to be appropriate.

There were no significant inter-relationships between unobservable inputs that materially affect fair values.

## 6 Remuneration of auditors

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
<i>Audit and other assurance services</i>		
Audit of financial statements	<b>21,364</b>	20,542
Other services*	<b>2,806</b>	1,898
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services inclusive of GST	<b>24,170</b>	22,440

\* Other services include compliance plan audit.

Audit fees were paid by the Responsible Entity for the years ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

## 7 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	<b>30 June 2022 No. '000</b>	30 June 2021 No. '000	<b>30 June 2022 \$'000</b>	30 June 2021 \$'000
<b>Ordinary class</b>				
Opening balance	5,111	13,180	4,591	10,233
Applications	65	597	60	491
Redemptions	(372)	(8,970)	(332)	(8,037)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	311	304	280	247
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	-	(832)	1,657
Closing balance	<b>5,115</b>	5,111	<b>3,767</b>	4,591
<b>Wholesale class</b>				
Opening balance	1,840,691	1,893,616	1,653,551	1,475,782
Applications	175,220	153,276	157,834	131,872
Redemptions	(319,250)	(255,978)	(286,418)	(219,827)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	14,894	49,777	13,401	40,066
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	-	(279,191)	225,658
Closing balance	<b>1,711,555</b>	1,840,691	<b>1,259,177</b>	1,653,551
<b>Total net assets attributable to unitholders</b>			<b>1,262,944</b>	1,658,142

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are two classes of unitholders in the Fund being ordinary and wholesale.

### (a) Capital risk management

Management manages the Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Management monitors the level of daily applications and redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Fund. In the event of a significant redemption, as permitted under the governing documents, management may decide to pay a special distribution and/or may delay payment of the redemption amount.

## 8 Distributions to unitholders

	Year ended			
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2022 CPU	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2021 CPU
<b>Ordinary class</b>				
Distributions paid				
- 30 September	20	0.390	67	0.490
- 31 December	-	-	94	0.690
- 31 March	-	-	55	1.080
Distribution payable				
- 30 June	368	7.202	276	5.395
Total	<u>388</u>	<u>7.592</u>	492	7.655
<b>Wholesale class</b>				
Distributions paid				
- 30 September	10,365	0.550	12,549	0.660
- 31 December	182	0.010	16,819	0.900
- 31 March	2,987	0.170	24,071	1.300
Distribution payable				
- 30 June	128,001	7.479	112,914	6.134
Total	<u>141,535</u>	<u>8.209</u>	166,353	8.994
<b>Total distributions</b>	<u>141,923</u>		<u>166,845</u>	

## 9 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Cash at bank	45,589	3,700
Foreign currency holdings	1,644	577
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>47,233</u>	<u>4,277</u>

## 10 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2022 Fair value \$'000	30 June 2021 Fair value \$'000
<b>Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss</b>		
Unlisted unit trusts	1,284,223	1,696,580
Derivatives (note 12)	523	864
<b>Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>1,284,746</b>	<b>1,697,444</b>
<b>Comprising:</b>		
<b>Unlisted unit trusts</b>		
Units in money market trusts	12,237	85,500
Units in Australian fixed interest trusts	5,799	28,786
Units in international fixed interest trusts	4,556	18,556
Units in Australian equity trusts	432,580	572,230
Units in international equity trusts	498,875	683,850
Units in property trusts	121,964	183,329
Units in alternative investment trusts	208,212	124,329
Total unlisted unit trusts	<b>1,284,223</b>	<b>1,696,580</b>
<b>Derivatives</b>		
Forward currency contracts	140	848
Australian share price index futures	383	13
International share price index futures	-	3
Total derivatives	<b>523</b>	<b>864</b>
<b>Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>1,284,746</b>	<b>1,697,444</b>

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in note 3 and note 5.

## 11 Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss

	<b>As at</b>	
	<b>30 June 2022</b>	<b>30 June 2021</b>
	<b>Fair value</b>	<b>Fair value</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
<b>Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss</b>		
Derivatives (note 12)	11,713	4,328
<b>Total financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>11,713</b>	<b>4,328</b>
 <b>Comprising:</b>		
<b>Derivatives</b>		
Forward currency contracts	11,063	4,203
International share price index futures	650	125
Total derivatives	11,713	4,328
 <b>Total financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss</b>	 <b>11,713</b>	 <b>4,328</b>

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is included in note 3 and note 5.

## 12 Derivative financial instruments

A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating, credit index or other variable.

Derivative transactions are entered into in the normal course of business.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forward currency contracts, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability against a fluctuation in market values or to reduce volatility,
- a substitution for trading of physical securities, and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and/or adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio occurs if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

## 12 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

The following derivative financial instruments were held during the year:

### (a) Futures

Futures are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments on a future date at a specified price, established in an organised market. Futures contracts are collateralised by cash or marketable securities. Changes in the values of futures contracts are usually settled net daily with the exchange or broker.

### (b) Forward currency contracts

Forward currency contracts are agreements to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. Forward currency contracts are primarily used to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on non-Australian dollar denominated securities.

The derivative financial instruments held at the end of each reporting period are detailed below:

	<b>As at</b>	
	<b>30 June 2022</b>	<b>30 June 2021</b>
	<b>Contract/ notional \$'000</b>	<b>Contract/ notional \$'000</b>
<b>Buy</b>		
Forward currency contracts	<b>125,148</b>	149,371
International share price index futures	<b>45,443</b>	48,764
<b>Sell</b>		
Forward currency contracts	<b>325,189</b>	442,414
Australian share price index futures	<b>47,871</b>	51,477
International share price index futures	-	53,765

### Risk exposures and fair value measurements

Information about the exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk and the methods and assumptions used in determining fair values is provided in note 3 and note 5 to the financial statements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of derivative financial instruments disclosed above.

## 13 Related party transactions

### (a) Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Advance Asset Management Limited (ABN 98 002 538 329), a wholly owned subsidiary of Westpac Financial Services Group Ltd (ABN 50 000 326 312). The ultimate parent entity is Westpac Banking Corporation (ABN 33 007 457 141). The registered office of the Responsible Entity and the Fund is Level 18, 275 Kent Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

On 26 May 2022, Westpac Banking Corporation announced the sale of Advance Asset Management Limited to Mercer (Australia) Pty Ltd. The sale is expected to be completed by 30 June 2023.

### (b) Directors

The directors of Advance Asset Management Limited during the financial year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Vicki Allen  
Andrew Rutherford  
Jonathon Sweeney  
Katherine Vincent (resigned 4 October 2021)



### 13 Related party transactions (continued)

#### (c) Other key management personnel

Name	Position	Employer
Jason Yetton	Chief Executive, Specialist Businesses	Westpac Banking Corporation
Matthew Rady <sup>(1)</sup>	Chief Executive Officer, BT Financial Group	Westpac Banking Corporation
Katherine Vincent <sup>(2)</sup>	Chief Strategy & Product Officer, BT Financial Group	Westpac Banking Corporation
Melinda Howes <sup>(3)</sup>	Managing Director, BT Superannuation, BT Financial Group	Westpac Banking Corporation
Andrew Wallace <sup>(4)</sup>	Managing Director, Personal & Corporate Superannuation, BT Financial Group	Westpac Banking Corporation

<sup>(1)</sup> Matthew Rady was classified as key management personnel effective 5 October 2021 following his appointment as Chief Executive Officer of BT Financial Group.

<sup>(2)</sup> Katherine Vincent was classified as key management personnel effective 4 October 2021 following her resignation from the Advance Asset Management Limited board.

<sup>(3)</sup> Melinda Howes was no longer classified as key management personnel effective 3 December 2021 following her resignation from BT Financial Group.

<sup>(4)</sup> Andrew Wallace was classified as key management personnel effective 21 February 2022 following his appointment to the role of Managing Director, Personal & Corporate Superannuation.

There was no other person with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly, during the financial year.

#### (d) Responsible Entity's/manager's fees and other transactions

For the year ended 30 June 2022, in accordance with the Fund's governing documents, the Fund incurred a total management fee (inclusive of GST, net of RITC available to the Fund) as follows:

- (i) Ordinary class: 1.43% per annum. For the period 1 July 2020 to 30 November 2020, the Responsible Entity received a management fee of 1.98% per annum. This fee was decreased to 1.43% per annum from 1 December 2020, and
- (ii) Wholesale class: 0.80% per annum. For the period 1 July 2020 to 31 October 2020, the Responsible Entity received a management fee of 0.93% per annum. This fee was decreased to 0.80% per annum from 1 November 2020.

This fee is partially paid out of the Fund and partially out of the assets of the underlying funds into which the Fund invests. The latter is reflected in the daily unit prices for the underlying funds.

In addition to the above fee, a performance fee is payable to certain underlying investment managers when they exceed specific investment performance targets. This fee is paid out of the assets of the underlying fund in which performance fees are charged and reflected in the daily unit prices for that underlying fund.

All expenses in connection with the preparation of accounting records and the maintenance of the unit register are fully borne by the Responsible Entity.

### 13 Related party transactions (continued)

#### (d) Responsible Entity's/manager's fees and other transactions (continued)

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the year and amounts payable/(receivable) at the end of each reporting period between the Fund and the Responsible Entity were as follows:

	<b>30 June 2022 \$'000</b>	30 June 2021 \$'000
Management fees incurred by the Fund #	<b>2,567</b>	2,817
Aggregate amounts payable/(receivable) to/(from) the Responsible Entity at the end of the reporting period	<b>210</b>	274

# This represents the amount paid out of the Fund to the Responsible Entity. In addition to this amount, the total fee charged also includes the fee charged in the underlying funds.

Where the Fund invests into other funds, the Responsible Entity's fee is calculated after rebating the fee charged in the underlying funds. As a consequence, the amounts shown in the statement of comprehensive income reflect only the amount of the fee charged directly to the Fund.

#### (e) Related party unitholdings

Other funds related to the Responsible Entity hold units in the Fund but these funds do not meet the definition of related parties under the Australian Accounting Standards and as such unitholdings are not required to be disclosed.

#### (f) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel services are provided by Advance Asset Management Limited and included in the management fees disclosed in (d) above. There is no separate charge for these services. There was no compensation paid directly by the Fund to any of the key management personnel.

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

#### *Key management personnel unitholdings*

At 30 June 2022, no key management personnel held units in the Fund (2021: Nil).

### 13 Related party transactions (continued)

#### (g) Investments

The Fund held the following investments including funds which are also managed by the Responsible Entity or its related parties:

#### 30 June 2022

	Fair value of investment \$'000	Interest held %	Distributions received/ receivable \$'000	Units acquired during the year 000's Units	Units disposed during the year 000's Units
Advance Australian Fixed Interest Multi-Blend Fund	5,799	0.32	376	544	(20,381)
Advance Australian Shares Multi-Blend Fund	416,920	26.18	58,916	33,262	(61,707)
Advance Cash Multi-Blend Fund	12,237	0.48	110	256,455	(328,362)
Advance Defensive Yield Multi-Blend Fund	35,676	3.01	49	3,200	-
Advance Emerging Markets Fund	47,497	34.56	1,187	5,513	-
Advance International Fixed Interest Multi Blend Fund	4,556	0.26	-	3,288	(16,743)
Advance International Shares Multi-Blend Fund	351,001	25.74	19,886	63,203	(107,911)
Advance Property Securities Multi-Blend Fund	90,728	8.22	1,278	15,558	(47,323)
BT Australian Shares Index Fund	15,660	0.50	1,227	599	(4,330)
BT International Shares Index Fund	100,377	1.98	8,886	5,168	(50,087)
BT Diversified Alternative Strategies Fund	46,701	26.30	-	3,752	-
BT Property Securities Index Fund	31,236	2.72	1,022	2,154	(32,982)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,158,388</b>		<b>92,937</b>		

### 13 Related party transactions (continued)

#### (g) Investments (continued)

30 June 2021

	Fair value of investment \$'000	Interest held %	Distributions received/ receivable \$'000	Units acquired during the year 000's Units	Units disposed during the year 000's Units
Advance Australian Fixed Interest Multi-Blend Fund	28,786	1.33	693	19,468	(13,404)
Advance Australian Shares Multi-Blend Fund	549,876	26.65	30,554	20,846	(60,246)
Advance Cash Multi-Blend Fund	85,500	2.45	141	163,055	(179,744)
Advance Defensive Yield Multi-Blend Fund	34,402	2.98	1,244	13,625	(7,683)
Advance Emerging Markets Fund	51,151	37.31	1,365	764	-
Advance International Fixed Interest Multi Blend Fund	18,556	0.92	1,359	18,357	(25,371)
Advance International Shares Multi-Blend Fund	450,709	26.11	55,370	63,603	(37,929)
Advance Property Securities Multi-Blend Fund	129,652	7.76	11,258	3,929	(12,476)
BT Australian Shares Index Fund	22,354	0.60	425	10,519	-
BT International Shares Index Fund	181,990	2.84	2,574	12,793	(11,225)
BT Diversified Alternative Strategies Fund	45,398	29.86	2,157	39,370	-
BT Property Securities Index Fund	53,677	4.03	1,532	18,657	(12,034)
<b>Total</b>	<u>1,652,051</u>		<u>108,672</u>		

### 13 Related party transactions (continued)

#### (g) Investments (continued)

Distributions received/receivable includes the following amounts which remain unpaid at the end of each reporting period:

	As at	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
<b>Distributions receivable</b>		
Advance Australian Fixed Interest Multi-Blend Fund	-	225
Advance Australian Shares Multi-Blend Fund	<b>45,055</b>	22,352
Advance Cash Multi-Blend Fund	<b>1</b>	10
Advance Defensive Yield Multi-Blend Fund	<b>49</b>	1,179
Advance Emerging Markets Fund	<b>1,187</b>	1,365
Advance International Fixed Interest Multi Blend Fund	-	1,330
Advance International Shares Multi-Blend Fund	<b>6,205</b>	29,770
Advance Property Securities Multi-Blend Fund	<b>1,278</b>	9,866
BT Australian Shares Index Fund	<b>664</b>	130
BT Diversified Alternative Strategies Fund	-	2,157
BT International Shares Index Fund	<b>8,886</b>	2,573
BT Property Securities Index Fund	<b>520</b>	754
<b>Total</b>	<b>63,845</b>	71,711

#### (h) Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interests existing at the end of the reporting period.

### 14 Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity in which voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding control. Structured entities are generally created to achieve a narrow and well defined objective with restrictions around their ongoing activities. Depending on the Fund's power over the activities of the entity and its exposure to and ability to influence its own returns, it may control the entity. However, the Fund applies the Investment Entity Exemption available under AASB 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* and therefore does not consolidate its controlled entities. In other cases it may have exposure to such an entity but not control it.

An interest in a structured entity is any form of contractual or non-contractual involvement which creates variability in returns arising from the performance of the entity for the Fund. Such interests include holdings of units in unlisted trusts. The nature and extent of the Fund's interests in structured entities are summarised in note 10.

During the year ended 30 June 2022 total net gains/(losses) incurred on investments in structured entities were (\$208,264,000) (2021: \$256,522,000).

The Fund has exposures to unconsolidated structured entities through its investment activities. The Fund's maximum exposure to loss is restricted to the carrying value of the asset and any capital commitment obligations as disclosed in note 18.

## 14 Structured entities (continued)

The Fund's overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with its governing documents and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. The risks associated with the investments are referred to in note 3.

During the year the Fund did not provide financial support to unconsolidated structured entities and has no intention of providing financial or other support.

The Fund's investment strategy entails investments in other funds on a regular basis. The Fund intends to continue investing in other funds.

## 15 Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
<b>(a) Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>		
Operating profit/(loss) for the year	(138,100)	394,160
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	701,164	556,580
Purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(416,617)	(385,649)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	234,798	(285,221)
Income reinvested	(100,804)	(75,879)
Net change in accrued income and receivables	4,671	(33,360)
Net change in payables	(64)	7
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	<b>285,048</b>	<b>170,638</b>
 <b>(b) Non-cash transactions</b>		
Distribution payments satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	13,681	40,313
Redemptions settled as non-cash withdrawals	-	(6,985)
Sales received as non-cash proceeds	18,000	26,685
Purchases settled as non-cash purchases	(18,000)	(19,700)

## 16 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Fund disclosed in the balance sheet as at 30 June 2022 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

## 17 Contingent assets and liabilities

There are no outstanding contingent assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2022 or 30 June 2021.

## 18 Capital commitments

The total of unpaid commitments for all alternative investments are as follows:

	<b>As at</b>	
	<b>30 June 2022</b>	30 June 2021
	<b>\$'000</b>	\$'000
Uncalled commitments in Australian dollars	<b>25,871</b>	31,657

In addition, underlying fund managers may have a right to recall capital from distributions paid during an investment period up to the value of the capital component of distributions actually paid. These are called recallable distributions.

Recallable distributions are not included in the Uncalled Commitment value noted as there is uncertainty whether they will or will not be called upon by the underlying investment managers. As at 30 June 2022, the Fund had \$1,572,000 of recallable distributions (2021: \$1,753,000).

Other than as noted above, there are no outstanding commitments as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

## Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 38 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements, and
  - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date,
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable, and
- (c) note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Vicki Allen  
Director



Jonathan Sweeney  
Director

Sydney  
19 September 2022





## Independent auditor's report

To the unitholders of Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund

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### Our opinion

In our opinion:

The accompanying financial report of Advance Growth Multi-Blend Fund (the Fund) is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

### *What we have audited*

The financial report comprises:

- the balance sheet as at 30 June 2022
  - the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended
  - the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
  - the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
  - the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
  - the directors' declaration.
- 

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### *Independence*

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

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### Other information

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

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Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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### **Responsibilities of the directors of the Responsible Entity for the financial report**

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors of the Responsible Entity determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the ability of the Fund to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Responsible Entity either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

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### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

[http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf](http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Alexandra Richardson  
Partner

Sydney  
19 September 2022