



BT Wholesale Partner Funds

Additional Information booklet

Issued: 15 December 2011



How to read this document









Unless otherwise indicated, the information in this booklet forms part of each Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) listed on page 2, which are issued by BT Funds Management Limited (ABN 63 002 916 458 AFSL 233724).

This is important information you should read before making a decision to invest in the Fund.

The information in this document is general information only and does not take into account your personal financial situation or needs. You should consult a licensed financial adviser to obtain financial advice that is tailored to suit your personal circumstances.

Investments in the Fund can only be made by persons receiving this PDS (including an electronic version) in Australia. If you are in possession of this PDS outside Australia, you should seek advice regarding restrictions on investing. Failure to comply with relevant restrictions may violate laws.

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You should read this booklet together with the PDS for the Fund you are considering investing in.

Fund	PDS Issue Date
BT Wholesale Partner Australian Shares Value 1	15 December 2011
BT Wholesale Partner Australian Shares Core 1	15 December 2011
BT Wholesale Partner Australian Shares Growth 1	15 December 2011
BT Wholesale Partner International Shares Core 1	15 December 2011
BT Wholesale Partner International Shares Growth 1	15 December 2011

'We' or 'us' refers to BT Funds Management Limited.



**About
BT Funds
Management
Limited**



About
BT Funds
Management
Limited

1.1 Consents

The investment manager has consented to being named in the PDS, to statements about it being included, based on information it has provided and in the form and context in which it has been included, and it has not withdrawn this consent before the date of these documents.



How the Fund works



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How the Fund works

! 2.1 Custodian of the Fund

We employ the services of a custodian for the Fund to hold the assets on our behalf, determine the value of the assets and take responsibility for their safe custody. Any fees we pay to the Custodian are paid out of the management fee and are not an additional charge to you.

! 2.2 Valuing your investment

At any time, the value of your investment is calculated by multiplying the number of units you hold in each Fund by the Fund's current withdrawal unit price, as follows.

Value of your investment = Number of units held x Withdrawal unit price

We determine the unit price for each Fund each Business Day by dividing the net asset value of the assets in the Fund by the number of units on issue (adjusted for any transaction costs, if applicable).

Unit prices are calculated to four decimal places. The daily unit price reflects changes in the value of underlying investments held in the relevant Fund (and therefore may rise and fall), plus investment income, less management costs and any taxes we are required to deduct.

Assets are valued at market prices. Therefore, whilst your unit balance will remain constant unless you transact on your account, unit prices may change daily. Any discretion involved in applying the method for determining the unit price is exercised in line with a documented policy, which you can obtain from us free of charge upon request.

! 2.3 Important information about making additional investments

You can add to your investment at any time by sending us your written instructions with your cheque or direct debit request. There is no need to complete another Application form. Further transactions are made on the basis of the then current PDS. The PDS may be updated or replaced from time-to-time. You can request a copy of the latest PDS free of charge at any time by calling 1800 813 886. We will also send you a copy of a new PDS if we are required by law to do so.

! 2.4 How to withdraw

You can withdraw from your investment in several ways.

- Mail a letter (including full details of your Australian bank account and BSB number) to the postal address on the back cover of this booklet.
- Fax a letter (including full details of your Australian bank account and BSB number) to Corporate Accounts (fax number 02 9274 5786). This option is available if you have not previously opted out of giving communications by fax.

Please be aware of the following.

- Cheques and bank accounts must be in the name(s) of the investor(s).
- Withdrawals are paid in Australian dollars.

Withdrawals will generally be credited to your bank account within five Business Days. If you choose to receive a cheque, it will be sent within 14 Business Days, although the constitution permits up to 30 days for the Fund.

We will deduct any taxes, duties or other applicable costs from the amount we pay you as required or permitted by legislation.

We will divide your dollar withdrawal amount by the current unit price on the date a valid and complete withdrawal request is received to determine the number of units to be redeemed.

! 2.5 Restrictions on withdrawals

In some circumstances we may need to withdraw all your units and close your investment in the Fund. This can occur if a withdrawal reduces your balance in the Fund below the minimum allowed; however, we have the right to withdraw all or some of your units from your account at any time at our discretion, at the withdrawal unit price applicable on the day.

We may, at our absolute discretion and as permitted by legislation, nominate any part of the withdrawal proceeds of any units to be taxable income, where it is necessary to ensure the taxable income of the relevant Fund is distributed equitably among the unit holders in that Fund at the end of each distribution period and those who withdraw during that period. We expect to take this action only in unusual circumstances, such as significant withdrawals occurring in any single distribution period.

Under the Fund's constitution, we may suspend withdrawals in unusual circumstances, such as where it is impractical to process withdrawals (for example where financial markets are closed or their operation is significantly impacted) or where we consider it to be in the best interests of unit holders.

We may suspend withdrawals at our discretion in accordance with the constitution of the Fund.

For withdrawals lodged during a suspension period, we will calculate and pay withdrawal values as if the withdrawal was lodged immediately after the end of the suspension.

! 2.6 Distribution payment details

The distribution you will receive will depend on the performance of the Fund's underlying assets.

Distributions could comprise:

- income (such as dividends and interest)
- realised capital gains from the sale of the Fund's underlying assets (including Capital Gains Tax (CGT) concession amounts)
- tax credits (such as imputation credits attached to dividend income and credits for tax paid on foreign income)
- return of capital
- tax-deferred amounts (these amounts are generally subject to special taxation treatment).

Distribution payments are generally made within 10 Business Days after the end of the distribution period.

You can choose to have distributions reinvested or paid by direct credit into your nominated Australian bank account.

The amount of income you receive is calculated according to the number of units you hold in the Fund as a proportion of the total number of units on issue in the Fund at the end of the distribution period, regardless of how long you have held them. There may be times when the Fund does not generate enough income in a distribution period to pay a distribution.

Any realised capital gains are usually only distributed at the end of the financial year; however, we may use our discretion to distribute realised capital gains at the end of any distribution period. We distribute all taxable income to investors each year, including the net realised capital gains of the Fund.

! 2.7 Reinvesting distributions

You can choose to reinvest your distributions as a way of potentially compounding your investment returns and building your wealth. This means your distribution income is used to buy more units in the relevant Fund, so your initial investment may grow more quickly by compounding. Distribution reinvestment is normally effective the first day following the end of the distribution period. For tax purposes, certain components of a distribution are included as assessable income for that income year regardless of whether the distribution is reinvested.

Please be aware, distributions are automatically reinvested unless you instruct us otherwise in the Application form.



How the Fund works



Benefits of investing in the Fund

No additional information



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Benefits of investing in the Fund



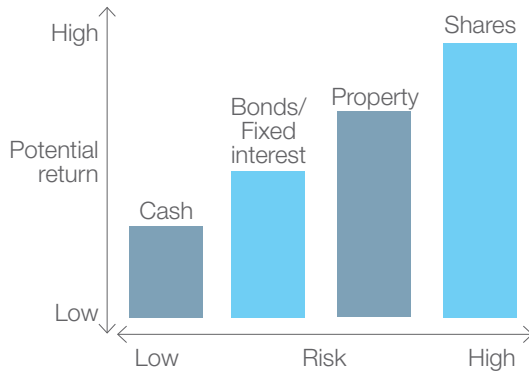
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Risks of managed investment schemes

! 4.1 What is investment risk?

Investment risk can be summarised as follows.

- The variation in short-term returns.
- The potential to lose your capital.
- The possibility that investment managers may not perform as expected.



Investment risk relates to the volatility experienced in investment returns. The difficulty in accurately predicting investment returns means these returns are not guaranteed and that past performance is not an indication of future performance.

! 4.2 Reducing your investment risk

You can reduce investment risk in two main ways.

- 1_ Invest for an appropriate length of time. The longer you hold an investment, the greater the chance of smoothing out the impact of short-term market fluctuations, particularly when considering more volatile investment options.
- 2_ Diversification. This means spreading your investment over a range of asset classes, industry sectors, regions and investment managers, with the overall aim of reducing risk. Holding your investment across a number of asset classes, such as shares, property, fixed interest and cash offers a greater chance of smoothing out the impact of short-term fluctuations in particular asset classes.

! 4.3 Choosing the right investment for your risk level

When choosing a Fund we recommend you speak to a financial adviser about the following factors.

- Your investment goals.
- Your expectations for returns.
- The length of time you can hold your investment.
- How comfortable you are with fluctuations in the value of your investment.



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Risks of managed investment schemes



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Risks of managed investment schemes

! 4.4 Additional potential risks

The table below highlights a number of additional potential risks you should consider before choosing to invest in a Fund.

Risk	Description
Derivatives risk	A Fund may use derivatives (such as futures) to gain exposure to investment markets and to create leverage as a value-adding strategy. Risks associated with derivatives include the value of the derivatives failing to move in line with the underlying asset, issues associated with the management of the assets backing a derivative so a Fund may not be able to meet payment obligations as they arise, and counter-party risk in the case of over-the-counter derivatives where no clearing house acts as an intermediary party (where the counter-party to the derivative contract cannot meet its obligations under the contract).
Leverage risk	A Fund may use derivatives to create leverage as a value-adding strategy. The advantage is that the significant exposure to investment markets is gained at a lower cost than buying the underlying asset. However, the risk of leveraging is that losses, as well as gains, are magnified as the price of the underlying assets moves down or up.
Currency risk	A Fund may invest across many countries. If there is a change in the relative value of the Australian dollar to other currencies, the unhedged assets of the Fund can decrease or increase in value. For investments hedged back into Australian dollars this risk is largely removed. If a Fund has active currency strategies, there is the potential to add value through changes in exchange rates but this may also expose a Fund to more volatile returns.
Interest rate risk	Changes in interest rates can have a positive or negative impact directly or indirectly on the investment value or returns of the assets held by the Fund. For example, the cost of a company's borrowings can decrease or increase, whilst capital returns on a fixed interest security can become more or less favourable. When leveraging a Fund's investments to magnify returns, a change in interest rates could adversely affect the borrowings and result in losses.
Erosion in real values	The value of certain assets held by a Fund may be eroded through inflation or changes in interest rates.
Individual investment risk	Assets held by a Fund may fall in value for many reasons, such as a change in the internal operations or management of a fund or company we invest in, or in its business environment. A change in the value of individual investments can also occur if dividend payments change or coupon payments vary on fixed interest securities. In addition, any change in interest rates will directly affect the value of fixed interest investments.
Fund risk	Fund specific risks include closure to new investments, the termination or replacement of the Responsible Entity and/or our investment managers could change and/or not meet expectations. There is also a risk that investment into a Fund may give different results than investing directly due to the accrual of income or capital gains and the cash flow effect as other investors make contributions or redeem from a Fund.
Changes in personal factors	Changes in your personal situation, such as changes in your investment objectives, personal borrowings or individual needs may affect the suitability of the investment.
Regulatory risk	A government or regulator may affect the value of securities that a Fund invests in, by introducing regulatory or taxation changes.

We recommend you speak to your financial adviser, particularly in the case of a market downturn, to ensure this investment is appropriate for your needs.

! 4.5 Asset classes and additional risks

As well as the general risks associated with investing, there are potential risks associated with each asset class. However, with careful asset allocation, suited to your needs, you can tailor a mix of different levels of expected return, liquidity and volatility into your portfolio.

Be aware that last year's best performing asset class can easily become next year's worst or vice versa. We focus on long-term performance through disciplined asset allocation and manager selection.



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Risks of managed investment schemes

Asset class	Benefits	Risks
Australian Shares	<p>Shares represent part ownership of a company and are generally bought and sold on a stock exchange. Returns from shares can include both capital growth and an income component from dividends paid by companies. Imputation credits attached to some dividend payments may offset other taxes payable.</p> <p>Investing in Australian shares gives investors the opportunity to benefit from the performance of Australian businesses across a wide range of industries, such as banking, healthcare, resources and information technology.</p>	<p>Shares overall are generally classified as more volatile than other asset classes because their value tends to fluctuate over the short term. However, over the longer term, they have tended to perform better than other asset classes.</p> <p>The specific risks of investing in shares include: the company, or the industry in which it operates, may not perform as well as expected or that there may be adverse changes in a company's financial position.</p>
Australian Smaller Company Shares	<p>Due to their small size, smaller company shares may grow more rapidly than larger, more mature companies. They are often more flexible and can therefore respond more quickly to changes in market trends relative to their larger counterparts.</p> <p>Active management, including research of the sector by investment managers, may lead to opportunities to add value.</p>	<p>Australian smaller company shares are perceived to be more volatile than larger capitalised stocks. Smaller companies tend to be less diversified in their earnings both in terms of business model and geography, which can lead to greater potential for unexpected negative earnings surprise and this can create sudden downward pressure on share prices.</p> <p>Smaller companies generally do not have the financial reserves of their larger counterparts and are therefore generally more vulnerable in weaker economic conditions.</p>
International Shares	<p>International shares provide investors with the opportunity to benefit from the performance of world markets and international businesses across a wide range of industries outside Australia. Like an investment in Australian shares, a fund's investment in international shares provides the potential for capital growth, an income component and diversification.</p>	<p>In addition to the risks of shares outlined in the section above relating to Australian shares, international shares can be affected by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → social, macroeconomic or geopolitical factors affecting a country or region → differing tax structures → currency movements → foreign regulatory requirements.
Asian (ex Japan) Shares	<p>The Asian region includes many of the fastest growing economies in the world. The diversity of Asia's economies and the high growth rates of many Asian companies may provide attractive investment opportunities for Australian investors seeking long-term capital growth with some income.</p>	<p>In addition to the risks of international shares outlined in the section above, historically these markets have tended to have higher volatility than Australian or other OECD sharemarkets. Corporate governance is generally less developed and political instability higher when compared to Australian and OECD markets. As a result there is a greater risk of loss and the possibility of sharp downturns when investing in these markets.</p>



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Risks of managed investment schemes

Asset class	Benefits	Risks
Currency	Currency management provides the ability to capture the mis-pricing of global exchange rates. Opportunities exist where currencies diverge from their fundamental values and/or investor sentiment creates a medium-term trend in favour of one currency over another.	A fund's investments may be held in currencies other than the Australian dollar. Changes in these currencies relative to the Australian dollar and other currencies held within a fund will have an impact on the value of that fund.
Listed Property Securities	<p>Listed property securities involve buying units in listed property trusts that are bought and sold on a stock exchange. It is a simple way to invest in the property market without tying up a large proportion of your money directly in real estate.</p> <p>Returns from listed property securities may include income from rent depending on the type of property owned by the trust and may include a capital growth component through an increase in the value of the property.</p> <p>Investors can participate in all sectors of the property market including offices, hotels, retail, residential and industrial property. Because investment is through the sharemarket, investors can sell securities relatively easily if necessary (unlike direct property investments).</p> <p>Investing in global property securities gives investors the opportunity to benefit from the performance of global property across several countries. This diversification is increasingly important as the domestic market consolidates.</p>	<p>Like shares, units in property securities can rise and/or fall in value.</p> <p>Returns from property securities are also affected by fluctuations in the supply and demand for properties and consequential changes in rental levels.</p> <p>Increasing interest rates can decrease the value of property securities and vice versa. In addition to the risks already noted relating to property securities, global property securities can be affected by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → social, macroeconomic or geopolitical factors affecting a country or region → differing tax structures in foreign tax jurisdictions → foreign regulatory requirements.
Australian Fixed Interest	<p>Fixed interest securities provide a regular income stream. There's the potential for capital growth on the original capital invested in periods of declining interest rates. They provide a relatively secure investment, which is generally not as volatile as sharemarket investments.</p> <p>They can be used by the more conservative investor or those with shorter investment timeframes.</p>	<p>Fixed interest securities can generate a rise in capital value, or a loss, if interest rates fluctuate during their term. In general, a rise in interest rates causes the value of an existing security to fall, while a fall in interest rates causes the value of an existing security to rise.</p> <p>An investment in fixed interest securities also carries the risk that the issuer may default. Highly rated government bonds, which are unlikely to default, pay a lower rate of return than the relatively more risky corporate bonds, which pay a higher rate of return.</p>
International Fixed Interest	International fixed interest securities provide wider access to government and corporate bonds from different countries and regions. This can provide opportunities to access higher interest rates than those offered domestically.	<p>In addition to the risks of fixed interest securities outlined above, international fixed interest securities can be affected by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → social, macroeconomic or geopolitical factors affecting a country or region → differing tax structures → currency movements → foreign central bank policy → foreign regulatory requirements.

Asset class	Benefits	Risks
Other asset classes – growth alternative strategies, commodities, defensive alternative strategies	<p>Other asset classes seek to provide investors with additional opportunities for outperformance than traditional asset classes. This is achieved through identifying opportunities that do not just rely on traditional markets moving higher. Instead they display either a negative correlation or low correlation to traditional asset classes, an example being commodities.</p> <p>These strategies offer the benefit of diversification through reducing the total risk of diversified portfolios while at the same time enhancing the return potential.</p>	<p>The risks are those associated with the underlying assets over which the outperformance is generated. This may include risks associated with investing in international shares or bonds, currencies or derivatives.</p> <p>In addition, the cyclical nature of price movements within the underlying assets, such as commodities, may lead to short-term marked-to-market losses in investment portfolios.</p> <p>Investments in the growth alternative strategies asset class can be made through less liquid fund structures.</p>
Cash	<p>Cash investments are held in cash securities such as term deposits and bank bills. Investing in cash provides a high level of security and the lowest level of risk. It can be used by the more conservative investor or those with shorter investment timeframes.</p>	<p>Cash can produce the most stable investment returns when compared to other asset classes, but there is limited scope to generate higher long-term returns relative to growth assets.</p> <p>There is also a risk that cash returns will not keep pace with inflation.</p>



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Risks of managed investment schemes



How we invest your money

! 5.1 Labour standards or environmental, social or ethical considerations

We do not use labour standards, environmental concerns, or social and ethical considerations as a basis to make investment decisions or appoint investment managers. Our priority remains to maximise returns with an acceptable level of risk.

We encourage the Fund's investment managers to consider all sorts of factors when analysing securities and this can include environmental, social and governance considerations. The investment managers may have their own policies to determine if these issues are taken into account when making investment decisions; however, we do not require them to do so.

! 5.2 Important investment information

A reference in the PDS to the Fund investing in a specific asset or asset class includes all types of investments which give exposure to that asset and related asset class, directly or indirectly, including through derivatives and investment in other funds, and through any type of investment which would ordinarily be understood in financial markets to be included in that class. For example, investment in 'international shares' includes investment in international share futures, derivatives based on an index of international shares, or funds which invest primarily in international shares.



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How we
invest your
money



Fees and costs

6.1 Further information on fees

DID YOU KNOW?

Small differences in both investment performance, and fees and costs, can have a substantial impact on your long-term returns.

For example, total annual fees and costs of 2% of your fund balance rather than 1% could reduce your final return by up to 20% over a 30 year period (for example, reduce it from \$100,000 to \$80,000).

You should consider whether the features such as superior investment performance or the provision of better member services justify higher fees and costs.

You may be able to negotiate to pay lower contribution fees and management costs where applicable. Ask the Fund or your financial adviser.

TO FIND OUT MORE

If you would like to find out more, or see the impact of the fees based on your circumstances, the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) website (www.moneysmart.gov.au) has a managed investment fee calculator to help you check out the different fee options.

This document shows fees and other costs that you may be charged. These fees and costs may be deducted from your investment, from the returns on your investment or from the Fund assets as a whole.

Taxes are set out in another part of this document. Refer to section 7 of this booklet.

You should read all the information about fees and costs because it is important to understand their impact on your investment.



Fees and costs



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Fees and costs

Type of fee or cost ^{1,2}	Amount	How and when paid
Fees when your money moves in or out of the Fund		
Establishment fee <i>The fee to open your investment</i>	Nil	Not applicable
Contribution fee <i>The fee on each amount contributed to your investment by you</i>	Nil	Not applicable
Withdrawal fee <i>The fee on each amount you take out of your investment</i>	Nil	Not applicable
Termination fee <i>The fee to close your investment</i>	Nil	Not applicable
Management costs		
The fees and costs for managing your investment ³	At the date of this document, management costs consist of the following components. Management fee Depending on the Fund, this varies between 0.89% pa and 1.05% pa of the net asset value ⁴ of the Fund, see the next table.	The management fee is deducted from the respective Fund prior to a unit price being determined. It is accrued on a daily basis and paid from the Fund on a monthly basis.
	Performance fee Nil	Not applicable
Service fees		
Investment switching fee <i>The fee for changing Funds</i>	Nil	Not applicable

1_ Unless otherwise stated, all fees quoted in this booklet are quoted on a GST inclusive basis and net of any applicable Reduced Input Tax Credits.

2_ Fees in this booklet can be individually negotiated if you are a wholesale client under the Corporations Act. See section 6.3 for further information.

3_ The management fee is paid from the assets of the Fund and is reflected in the unit price of your investment.

4_ The net asset value of a fund is the value of its assets less liabilities (for example, less tax).

The management costs set out in the table below apply to, and are incorporated to the PDS for, the relevant Fund named in column 1 of the table. For further information please see section 6.3 of this booklet.

Fund	Management fee (% pa)	Estimated Performance fee (% pa)	Management cost (% pa)
BT Wholesale Partner Australian Shares Value 1	0.89	N/A	0.89
BT Wholesale Partner Australian Shares Core 1	0.89	N/A	0.89
BT Wholesale Partner Australian Shares Growth 1	0.89	N/A	0.89
BT Wholesale Partner International Shares Core 1	1.05	N/A	1.05
BT Wholesale Partner International Shares Growth 1	1.05	N/A	1.05

Additional explanation of fees and costs

! 6.2 Contribution (or entry) fees

There is currently no intention for this fee to be charged for the Fund. If it was introduced, it would be charged as a percentage of each amount contributed into your investment.

The constitution for the Fund limits the maximum contribution (or entry) fee we can charge for the Fund to 6% pa (excluding GST).

! 6.3 Management costs

You may be able to negotiate to pay lower management costs where applicable. Ask us or your financial adviser.

Management fee

A management fee is charged as a percentage of the value of the Fund. It is accrued daily and paid from the Fund monthly. The constitution for the Fund limits the management fee.

We are entitled to be reimbursed from the Fund for authorised expenses incurred in its management and administration. Currently routine Fund expenses, including trustee, registry, custodian, accounting, audit and legal expenses (excluding transaction costs), are paid out of our management fee. If extraordinary or unusual expenses are incurred, we may choose to recover costs from the Fund and this will be reflected in the unit price.

Performance fee

At the date of this PDS the Fund does not charge a performance fee.

! 6.4 Payments to platforms

From the fees we receive, we may pay (at our discretion) amounts to any IDPS operators, master trusts or other investment administration service ('platform') through which the Fund is made available. We make two types of payments to platforms.

- 1_ Product access payments (as a flat dollar amount pa) for administration and investment related services, which may be an amount up to \$20,900 pa (GST inclusive) per platform.
- 2_ Investment manager payments (based on volumes of business generated), which may be an amount up to 60% of our management fee for platforms external to the Westpac Group, and an amount up to 100% of our management fee for platforms provided by members of the Westpac Group.

The amount of these payments may change during the life of this PDS. As these amounts are paid by us out of our own resources, they are not an additional cost to you.

! 6.5 Alternative forms of remuneration register

We are a member of the Financial Planning Association and the Financial Services Council, and as such are required to keep a register of alternative forms of remuneration. We record information about material forms of alternative remuneration (\$300 per item or more) that are paid and/or received by investment managers, product providers, or financial advisers or their representatives.

The register is publicly available for inspection. You can request a copy of our register by calling our Contact Centre on 1800 813 886.



Fees and costs



How managed investment schemes are taxed

The following information is a general summary only and should not be relied upon as a complete statement of all relevant laws. This information is current as at 15 December 2011. This information is provided as a general overview of how these laws apply to you; however, the application of these laws depends on your individual circumstances. We recommend you seek independent professional tax advice about your specific circumstances. This information applies to Australian resident investors unless otherwise specified.

7.1 Tax position of the Fund

The Fund generally distributes all taxable income, including net capital gains, to investors each year. This means that under existing Australian tax legislation, the Fund is not liable for income tax. If for any reason there is income to which no investor is presently entitled, the Fund will be taxed at the highest marginal tax rate in respect of this income.

The Fund is registered for GST. Generally, GST is payable by the Fund on fees and reimbursement of expenses charged by us. The Fund may be entitled to claim Input Tax Credits and Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITCs) of at least 75% of the GST paid in respect of some of these expenses. The benefit to investors of any RITCs will be reflected in the unit prices.

7.2 Taxation of unit holders

Your share of the distributions made by the Fund to 30 June each year becomes part of your assessable income. This is the case regardless of whether the income is paid to you or reinvested, or if the income is received by you in the next financial year.

Distributions comprised of assessable amounts should be included in your taxable income for the year to which the distribution relates. The tax you pay will depend on the composition of the distribution. Distributions can be made up of:

- assessable income, such as dividends and interest
- net capital gains
- tax credits, such as franking credits attached to dividend income and credits for tax paid on foreign income
- non-assessable income which may not need to be included in your tax return but will generally reduce the cost base of your investments for CGT purposes.

Details of the tax composition of distributions will be provided annually in the tax statement issued by the Fund. If franking credits or foreign tax offsets are distributed you should determine your eligibility to claim these credits based on your individual circumstances. More information will be provided in the guide accompanying the tax statement.

7.3 Acquisition and disposal of units

GST will not be imposed on the application for, or withdrawal of, units in the Fund.

Under the CGT provisions, when you dispose of your units, whether by withdrawal, transferring or switching, you must include any realised capital gains or losses on the disposal of units in the calculation of your net capital gain for the year. This net capital gain should be included in your assessable income.

Where capital gains are distributed or you have a capital gain on the disposal of investments, it may be possible for you to offset such realised capital gains against any realised capital losses you may have incurred on the disposal of your units in the Fund, or other investments. Realised capital losses may be carried forward to offset realised capital gains in future years.

Individuals, trusts and complying superannuation entities may be entitled to the CGT discount when disposing of units that have been held longer than 12 months. The CGT discount is 50% for individuals and trusts, and 33⅓% for complying superannuation entities.

Certain investors (eg share traders) may be liable to pay tax on any gains made on the disposal of units as ordinary income and therefore will not be entitled to any discount on the gain.

Details of your realised capital gains will be included in the annual CGT statement we send to you after the end of the financial year.

7.4 Non-resident investors

If you are not an Australian resident for tax purposes, we will withhold tax from the distributions of the Fund paid to you for the year. The applicable rate of tax will vary depending on a number of factors, such as the type of distribution, your country of residence and whether Australia has a double-tax agreement with that country.



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How managed investment schemes are taxed



How
managed
investment
schemes
are taxed

7.5 Quoting your tax file number

In the Application form we ask for your tax file number (TFN).

It is important to be aware that if you do not provide us with a TFN, an Australian Business Number (ABN), or an exemption reason, we are required to withhold tax from your distributions at the highest marginal tax rate, plus Medicare levy, to meet Australian tax requirements.

TFN – it is not an offence if you do not provide a TFN, and if you are exempt from providing a TFN you should write the reason for your exemption on the Application form.

ABN – Australian companies and other entities that invest in the course or furtherance of their registered business can supply their ABN to us instead of their TFN.



8

How to apply



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How to
apply

8.1 Cooling-off period

Once you notify us that you wish to exercise your right to have your investment cancelled, we must return the proceeds to their source via the same method. If sent in by cheque we return them by cheque, or if from a bank account we return them to the same bank account. You can send your request in writing by mail or by fax.

If you do make a request for the return of your investment, the amount repayable to you under the cooling-off provisions may be less than the amount you paid for your investment. The amount may be higher or lower to reflect market movements and will be refunded after deduction of any taxes payable, reasonable transaction and administrative costs incurred by us or any other amount that may be deducted by us under the law.

Cooling-off rights will not apply to distribution reinvestments, switches or additional investments or where a right is exercised in relation to your investment during the cooling-off period.



Other information



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Other
information

! 9.1 Unit holder rights

Your rights as a unit holder in the Fund are governed by the constitution for the Fund and the legislation. This includes the right to:

- receive distributions (where applicable)
- receive copies of accounts and other information for the Fund
- attend and vote at unit holder meetings
- receive your share of distributions if the Fund is terminated
- transfer units to any other person
- pass units to a surviving joint holder by Will or otherwise to your estate.

You do not have the right to participate in the management or operation of the Fund.

Under the Fund's constitution, your liability is limited to the amount invested in the Fund.

! 9.2 The Constitution

The Fund is governed by a constitution which sets out rules covering the following.

- Our powers, rights and duties as the Responsible Entity (including the right to fees, recovery of expenses and indemnification).
- Our remuneration.
- Unit holders' rights and obligations.
- Liability of unit holders and the Responsible Entity.
- Issue and redemption of units.
- Distributions and distribution reinvestment.
- Authorised investments of the Fund.
- How assets and liabilities of the Fund are valued.
- How the net asset value of the Fund is determined.
- How the Fund may be terminated.
- How we may be removed or replaced as Responsible Entity.
- Our ability to set the minimum investment for the Fund.

We may vary the constitution without unit holders' consent if we, as the Responsible Entity, reasonably believe the variation will not adversely impact unit holders' rights. Otherwise we must obtain unit holders' approval in accordance with the legislation. You can view a copy of the constitution for the Fund at our registered office during business hours or you can request a copy free of charge from our Contact Centre on 1800 813 886.

! 9.3 Roles and responsibilities of an appointed representative

If you wish to appoint someone else (such as a financial adviser, relative or solicitor) to look after your investment on your behalf, the following conditions apply.

- Generally, your appointed representative can do everything you can do with your investment except appoint another authorised representative. If your authorised representative is your financial adviser, their authority is limited, and they cannot change any fees or alter payment/distribution bank account details.
- To cancel your authorised representative you must give us seven Business Days written notice.
- You release and indemnify us and any other member of the Westpac Group from and against all liability which may be suffered by you or by us or bought against us or any other member of the Westpac Group in respect of any acts or omission of your authorised representative, whether authorised by you or not.

If you appoint a company as your agent, any director of that company, or any employee authorised by the Board of directors, can act under your agent's authority. Similarly, if you appoint a partnership as your agent, any of the partners can act under the authority.

! 9.4 Related party transactions and conflicts of interest

The Fund may invest in other funds of which we, or a related entity, are trustee, Responsible Entity or manager (related funds). There's no limit on the level of investment in related funds.

Subject to the constitution of the Fund, we may appoint any of our related entities (including Westpac Banking Corporation) to provide services (including banking services) or perform functions in relation to the Fund, including acting as our delegate. We may also enter into financial or other transactions with related entities in relation to the assets of the Fund and may sell assets of the Fund to, or purchase assets from, a related entity. A related entity is entitled to earn fees, commissions or other benefits in relation to any such appointment or transaction and to retain them for its own account.

Such arrangements will be based on arm's length terms or as otherwise permissible under the law.

In the course of managing the Fund, we may face conflicts in respect of our duties in relation to the Fund, related funds and our own interests. We will resolve such conflict fairly and reasonably, and in accordance with the law, ASIC policy and our own policies.

9.5 Our relationship with Westpac

BT Funds Management Limited is a member of the Westpac Group. Entities within the Westpac Group may provide certain advisory and administrative services to us such as registry, investor reporting and the BT website. Any fees we pay to these service providers are paid by us out of our management fee and are not an additional charge to you. We may also place the Fund's cash on deposit with Westpac or St.George.

9.6 Protecting your privacy

Your right to privacy is important to us. This statement explains your privacy rights and our rights and obligations in relation to your personal information.

You do not need to give us any of the personal information requested as part of your application or any other document or communication relating to the Fund. However, without this information, we may not be able to process the application or provide you with an appropriate level of service.

You may request access to the personal information we hold about you at any time and ask us to correct this information if you believe it is incorrect or out-of-date. We do not charge a fee for an access request but we may charge you any reasonable costs related to processing your request such as photocopying charges.

We use your personal information to:

- process your investment application
- maintain a record of the investment details, and names and addresses of investors as required by the legislation
- communicate with you about your investment, including dealing with your enquiries, issuing units and capital and income distributions to you, or as nominated by you, and maintaining a record of your transactions and membership in the Fund
- administer and manage your investment
- facilitate our internal business operations, including fulfilling our internal requirements and confidential maintenance and testing of our systems.

We may also use your personal information or give access or receive personal information about you to or from any member of the Westpac Group of companies including to:

- perform advisory and administrative services
- analyse products and customer needs, and develop new products
- inform you of products and services provided by any member of the Westpac Group or by preferred providers which we think may be of value or interest to you, unless you tell us not to. Such information may be provided to you electronically.

We may disclose your personal information in the following circumstances.

- To our external service providers (which may be located overseas) that provide services for the purposes, only of our business or that of the Fund, on a confidential basis, for example, to a mailing house.
- To other members of the Westpac Group.
- In connection with a proposed sale or acquisition of an interest in any business.
- To any persons acting on your behalf, including your financial adviser, solicitor or accountant or if you provide your InvestmentLink number via InvestmentLink to your financial adviser only, unless you tell us not to.
- To any complaints body to which a complaint relating to this product or service is referred.
- Where the law requires or permits us to do so or if you request us to do so or if you consent.

By signing the Application form, you authorise us to collect, maintain, use and disclose your personal information in the manner set out in this privacy statement.



9

Other information

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Contact details

If you have any questions or would like more information about BT Funds Management Limited or a copy of any material that is incorporated into this PDS by reference, you can contact us in the following ways.

- **Phone**
1800 813 886
- **Mail**
BT Funds Management Limited
Attn: BT Corporate Accounts Team
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Sydney NSW 2001
- **www.bt.com.au**
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